



All photos by Ken Behrens

TOUR SUMMARY

For those looking to see a huge selection of North American bird species in a short time, there is no destination better than Texas. And there is no time of the year better than the second half of April. Texas lies at the crossroads between the eastern and western United States, and northern Mexico. So there is a great diversity of resident species. It's also smack in the middle of the largest flyway of migratory birds in the Western Hemisphere. These facts together are a recipe for tremendous diversity. Texas even has a couple of species that are near-endemic breeders: Black-capped Vireo and Golden-cheeked Warbler (shown above). Without a doubt, it's one of North America's premier birding destinations.

Although longer trips can venture down to the Lower Rio Grande Valley for a larger dose of northeast Mexican species, or to west Texas for southwestern montane specialties, this short and sweet trip focused on three areas: the Upper Texas Coast, centered on High Island, the Pineywoods directly to the north, and finally the Hill Country of central Texas.

This was a custom trip for a group of family and friends from the western United States. The dynamic was fun and easygoing, while trying to see as many birds as possible. We did have some time off at midday or in the evening on most days. Despite the non-breakneck schedule, we managed to record 257 bird species; about a third of the regularly occurring species of the ABA



area - not bad for only eight days of birding! Several members of the group were keen eBirders, and so we eBirded throughout the trip, submitting a total of <u>70 checklists</u>!

As expected, migration was in full swing for this tour. When people think of bird migration, they tend to default to landbirds, but my favorite migration spectacles in Texas actually involve waterbirds. As usual, there were huge numbers and excellent diversity of saltwater-loving shorebirds, terns, and gulls. And as always, the Houston Audubon Bolivar Flats Sanctuary was a delightful spot to visit, a real gem of a place that offers worldclass photography. birding and Rollover Pass was also good, despite the closing of the channel to the Gulf in the last couple of years. Inland, the



We saw loads of freshwater-loving shorebirds, including remarkable numbers of Buff-breasted Sandpipers.

freshwater shorebirding was as good as I have ever seen it. Apparently many farmers who had largely abandoned rice cultivation have resumed planting rice due to the current high prices for food. Unlike many previous years, it was easy this year to find rice paddies in the perfect state for all types of freshwater-loving shorebirds. We found scarce species like Hudsonian Godwit and Buff-breasted Sandpiper with ease! One field held over 150 Buff-breasted Sandpiper; more of this beautiful shorebirds than a typical North American birder sees in their whole lifetime! Drier fields held Upland Sandpipers, and lots of searching finally turned up the two scarce "peeps": Baird's and White-rumped Sandpipers. Birding some salt marshes produced another couple of highlights: amazing views of the resident Clapper Rail, and quick views of a lingering wintering bird – Nelson's Sparrow.

Although Anahuac National Wildlife Refuge was largely dry, and a shadow of its normally birdy self, we still caught up with freshwater marsh birds in a variety of other sites, including Cattail



Marsh in Beaumont. Highlights in this habitat included Glossy Ibis (plus a classic hybrid with the common White-faced Ibis), Least Bittern, Sedge Wren, Purple Gallinule, and Sora. Driving through the suburbs of Beaumont, I kept a sharp eye out for crows, hoping to add Fish Crow to the trip list. I eventually found a rather tame crow in a half-derelict strip mall parking lot. Though it looked good for Fish, you want to hear the call to be completely sure. But this bird refused to call! After a frustrating 10 minutes, though, it finally gave in, flew up to an electric wire, and gave several diagnostic, nasal Fish Crow calls!



Purple Gallinule is always a favorite bird on the Upper Texas Coast. Such rich colors!

Another aspect of migratory birding is of course the migrant trap woodlots, such as the famous one at High Island. Although migration was fairly slow throughout our days on the coast, we did eventually assemble a good list of migrants. Our best morning of migration was actually at Sabine Woods, where there were lots of tanagers and Gray-cheeked and Swainson's Thrushes, along with a dozen warbler species. During the course of the trip, between the migrants on the



coast and the breeders in the Pineywoods and the Hill Country, we racked up 27 species of wood warblers!

Our base for our days on the Upper Texas Coast was Winnie, a sleepy town next to the I-10 interstate. One of Winnie's virtues is that a pair of Whooping Cranes has taken up residence nearby in recent years. We stopped to look for them one morning at one of their favored fields. After a long scan, I didn't see anything, then suddenly I spotted two huge white birds flying in from the other side of



Black-throated Green Warbler, a long-distance migrant warbler that we saw in High Island and Sabine Woods.

the highway. Everyone piled out of the van for good flight views of the Whooping Cranes, then we



Red-cockaded Woodpecker is a specialty of oldgrowth pine forest.

shot over to where they had landed and relocated them on the ground for scope views. A major bonus! Another of Winnie's virtues is a couple of good restaurants. We savored an excellent lunch at a recently opened Vietnamese restaurant, and by popular demand made three visits to Tia Juanita's, which specializes in Cajun dishes.

The next portion of the tour was a one-night swing through the Pineywoods. Although this area is only an hour and a half north of Winnie, it's a completely different world from the coastal

prairies and woodlots. The habitat consists of



pine woods (as the name suggests!), along with broadleaf forest and primeval-looking swamp. This lush mix of habitats supports a great suite of breeding birds. Unlike on the coast, you can predictably find a bunch of warblers here, not subject to the vagaries of migration! To mention just a few highlights of our 24 hours in the Jasper area, we saw Swallow-tailed and Mississippi Kites, Red-cockaded Woodpecker, Bachman's Sparrow, Brown-headed Nuthatch, Louisiana Waterthrush, and Yellow-throated, Swainson's, and Prairie Warblers. We enjoyed perhaps the best meal of the trip at a local barbeque joint with family photos all over the walls. Unforgettable melt-in-your-mouth brisket! After dinner we ventured back into the woods, and had an intimate encounter with a hefty Chuck-will's-widow!



A Louisiana Waterthrush at Boiken Springs, in the Pineywoods.

After a final night in Winnie, and a little more coastal migration birding, we parted ways with half of our group, who were heading home, then headed west for the Hill Country. On the way through Houston, we stopped by to see Limpkin, a bird that has started "invading" Texas and other areas outside of its normal range. Another bonus!



The Hill Country is without a doubt the most biogeographically fascinating place in North America. It has a unique mix of eastern, western, and southern species. You can be in the bottom of a valley with a cypress swamp, full of breeding Northern Parulas and Yellow-throated Warblers, then climb up a slope into juniper woodland with Ash-throated Flycatchers and Canyon Wrens! It's like going from a Louisiana swamp into the mountains of Utah in a few hundred feet!



About 60 of the multiple millions of Mexican Free-tailed Bats that we saw emerging at dusk.

One of our reasons for visiting the Hill Country was actually mammalian rather than avian. We made a visit to the Rio Frio bat caves, one of the biggest aggregations of mammals on earth. This spectacle never fails to astound. Millions of bats explode out of their cave at dusk, attended by various raptors trying for an easy meal. On the night that we visited there were gusting winds, which made it a struggle for the bats to fly, forcing them into some bizarre, twisting formations.



Texas's two near-endemic breeding birds, the Black-capped Vireo and Golden-cheeked Warbler, were naturally huge targets, and we had great sightings of both. The general birding was also excellent, and delightfully varied. In the Uvalde area, we had Mexican species such as Green Jay and Audubon's Oriole. Up in the Hill Country proper, we found Zone-tailed Hawk, Tropical Parula, Vermillion Flycatcher, Yellow-throated and Bell's Vireos, Painted, Indigo, and Lazuli Buntings, Hooded Oriole, Black-crested Titmouse, Pyrrhuloxia, and Lincoln's Sparrow. An early Olive-sided Flycatcher on a random roadside snag came as a surprise bonus! Our tour wrapped up with a drive back to Houston, punctuated by a stop at another "hole in the wall" local barbeque joint!



Amazing barbeque features prominently on this tour! This was where stopped on our way back to Houston from the Hill Country: Joel's BBQ in Flatonia, Texas. Highly recommended!



ITINERARY

- April 17 Arrival in Houston. Drive to Winnie. Night Winnie.
- April 18 Anahuac area, Rollover Pass, Bolivar Flats, High Island. Night Winnie.
- April 19 Sabine Woods, Fairview Road, High Island. Night Winnie.
- **April 20** Winnie to Cattail Marsh to Angelina NF and Boiken Springs. Night Jasper.
- April 21 Jasper to Martin Dies SP to High Island. Night Winnie.
- April 22 Winnie to Uvalde. Neal's Lodges and Rio Frio Bat Cave. Night Uvalde.
- **April 23** Cook's Slough Nature Reserve to Neal's Lodges to Kerr WMA. Night Kerrville.
- April 24 Kerrville to Houston via Joel's. Departure.



A migrant Acadian Flycathcer, in the Houston Audubon Smith Oaks Sanctuary, on High Island.



PHOTO GALLERY



Ducks were thin on the ground this year, which apparently was the case throughout the winter, but there were still plenty of Blue-winged Teal to be seen.



Laughing Gull is one of the most common coastal birds, and a beauty to boot!





There were migrant Kentucky Warblers in the coastal woodlots, as well as breeding birds in the Pineywoods.



Marsh birds, salt and fresh: Nelson's Sparrow (left) and Common Gallinule (right).





Black-and-white Warbler creeping along a branch in typical nuthatch-like feeding style.



White-tailed Hawk (left) is resident in coastal prairies. Solitary Sandpiper (right) is a passage migrant.





Yellow-crowned Night-Heron is the "default" night-heron; common along the coast.





Vermillion Flycatcher is one of the surprising and delightful members of the bird assemblage in the Hill Country.



A pair of towering Whooping Cranes were a wonderful sighting near our coastal base in Winnie.





Horned Larks breed on the sand dunes at the Bolivar Flats Sanctuary.



The Upper Texas Coast in April has some of the absolute best shorebirding on Earth. Shown here are Short-billed Dowitchers (left) and Upland Sandpiper (right).





Red-winged Blackbird, a common denizen of fresh marshes.



Crested Caracara over the coastal prairie.



April 17-24, 2022



This tour featured both species of waterthrush: Louiaiana (left) and Northern (right). Very similar species!



On our morning in Sabine Woods, there were loads of Summer Tanagers.





No absence of colorful birds in the Hill Country! Painted Bunting (left) and Yellow-breasted Chat (right).



Freshwater shorebird bonanza in a flooded rice field! Most of these birds are Dunlin, but there are actually six different shorebird species in this picture!





The Hill Country is rich in sparrows. These included migrants like Lincoln's (left) and Clay-colored (right), as well as the resident Olive Sparrow (below).







Migrants galore: Western Sandpiper (left) and female Hooded Warbler (right).



Roseate Spoonbills and Neotropic Cormorants at the fabulous waterbird colony on High Island.





Marbled Godwit is one of two godwits that we saw on this tour. Big, great-looking shorebirds!



Coastal woodlot migrants: female Painted Bunting (left) and Wood Thrush (right).





Clapper Rails gave us great views in coastal saltmarshes.



We saw both of North America's "brown warblers": Swainson's (left) and Worm-eating (right).





American Redstart is one of the more common migrant warblers.



Eastern Meadowlarks were in song throughout the coastal prairies.





Purple Martins were all over the place, including nesting conspicuously in a martin house at Cattail Marsh.



Resident Loggerhead Shrike (left) and long-distance migrant Yellow-billed Cuckoo (right).





Late migrant Gray-cheeked Thrushes were just arriving at the time of our tour.



The chunky-billed Wilson's Plover nests at the Bolivar Flats Sanctuary.





We had phenomenal views of the shy Bachman's Sparrow in the Pineywoods.



This Fish Crow finally vocalized, removing all doubt about its identity!





There were three "flavors" of parulas around Neal's Lodges: Tropical, Northern, and a hybrid of the two, like this individual!



A stop at a pond on the way to the Hill Country didn't hold a lot of birds, but did feature a whole bunch of Neotropic Cormorants!

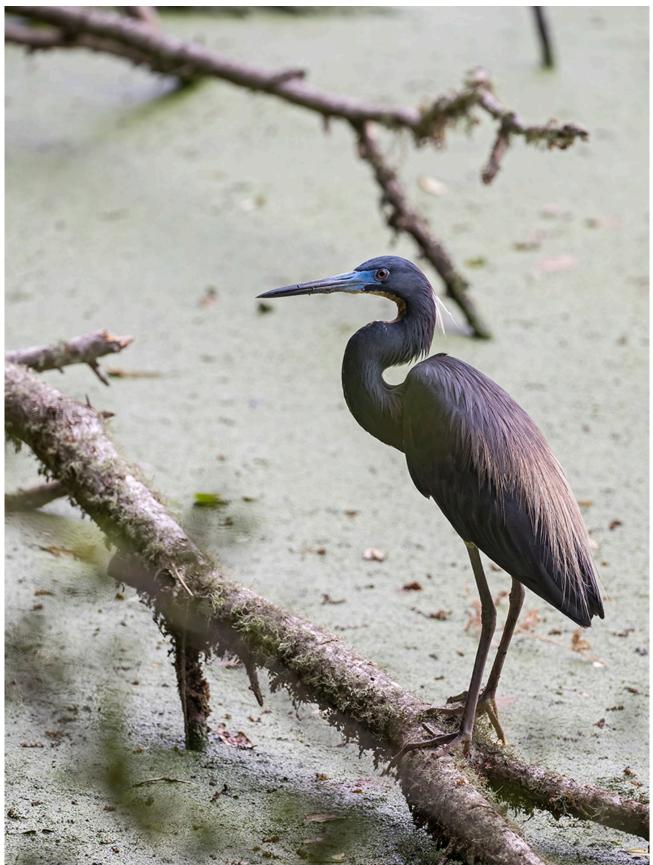




This tour features remarkable diversity in many groups of birds. Warblers are a classic example, but there are also a bunch of cool wrens! Shown here are Carolina (top left) Sedge (top right) and Canyon (below).







This tour features nearly all of North America's wading birds, including the Tricolored Heron.





The excellent feeders at Neal's Lodges attracted White-winged Dove (left) and Blue Grosbeak (right).



We saw Yellow-throated Warbler both in the Pineywoods and the Hill Country.





Black-chinned Hummingbird is the common "hummer" in the Hill Country.





The Uvalde area has a very Mexican-feeling group of birds, including Bronzed Cowbird (left) and Audubon's Oriole (right).





Pyrrhuloxia is a dry country cardinal found in southwestern North America.



Willet is mostly gray when perched, but quite striking in flight.





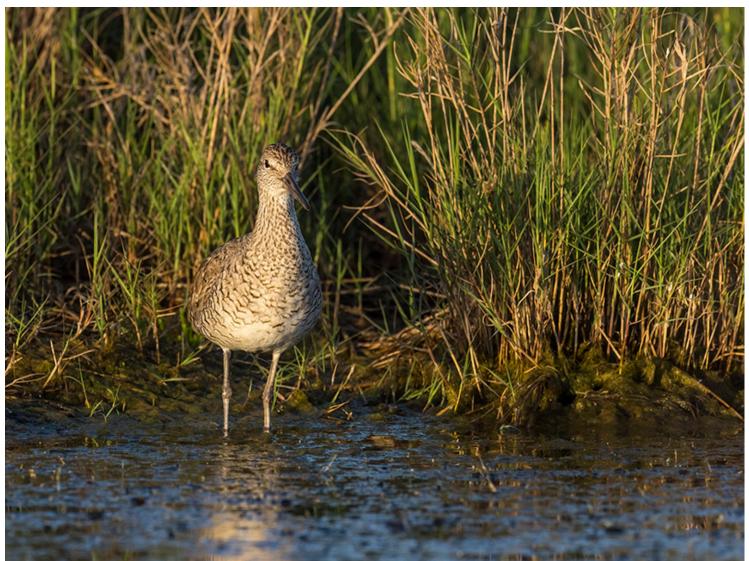
Another group with excellent diversity on this tour is vireos. This is especially true in the Hill Country, with its mix of eastern and western species. Shown here are Black-capped (above), Yellow-throated (below left) and White-eyed (below right) Vireos.







On our first morning, we spotted a beautiful Northern Cottonmouth (left). While driving up into the Pineywoods, there were loads of migrating Mississippi Kites in the sky (right).



A Willet, at home in the coastal saltmarsh where it breeds.





Prairie Warbler, a delightful species at close range in the Pineywoods.



Ovenbird, a thrush-like warbler, in a migrant trap woodlot.





Pileated Woodpecker, the classic "woody" woodpecker! Boiken Springs.



Buff-breasted Sandpipers have a huge eye and an open face, giving them a gentle look.





Cave Swallows share the Rio Frio caves with the bats.



In the Hill Country, the local titmouse is Black-crested Titmouse, a Texas near-endemic.





Classic "western" species in the Hill Country: Ash-throated Flycatcher (left) and Zone-tailed Hawk (right).



Pine Warbler is (perhaps not surprisingly) quite common in the Pineywoods.





Lesser Yellowlegs were conspicuously migrating in big numbers on the first morning of our trip.



Tennessee Warbler in Sabine Woods.





Dickcissels were surprisingly tricky to find, but we finally connected with a few near Winnie.



Rufous-crowned Sparrow, a final addition to our sparrow list, in the Hill Country near Kerrville.



BIRD LIST

Taxonomy and nomenclature follow *The Clements Checklist of the Birds of the World v2021* (including updates through August 2021).

The full list, including numbers, and in the case of many species, photos, can be see as part of the <u>eBird trip report</u> for this trip: https://ebird.org/tripreport/50215

ANSERIFORMES: Anatidae	
Black-bellied Whistling-Duck	Dendrocygna autumnalis
Fulvous Whistling-Duck	Dendrocygna bicolor
Wood Duck	Aix sponsa
Blue-winged Teal	Spatula discors
Northern Shoveler	Spatula clypeata
Mottled Duck	Anas fulvigula
PODICIPEDIFORMES: Podicipedidae	
Pied-billed Grebe	Podilymbus podiceps
COLUMBIFORMES: Columbidae	
Rock Pigeon	Columba livia
Eurasian Collared-Dove	Streptopelia decaocto
Inca Dove	Columbina inca
White-winged Dove	Zenaida asiatica
Mourning Dove	Zenaida macroura
CUCULIFORMES: Cuculidae	
Yellow-billed Cuckoo	Coccyzus americanus
Black-billed Cuckoo	Coccyzus erythropthalmus
CAPRIMULGIFORMES: Caprimulgidae	
Lesser Nighthawk	Chordeiles acutipennis
Common Nighthawk	Chordeiles minor



Chuck-will's-widow	Antrostomus carolinensis	
CAPRIMULGIFORMES: Apodidae	Antiostomus carolinensis	
Chimney Swift	Chaetura pelagica	
CAPRIMULGIFORMES: Trochilidae		
Ruby-throated Hummingbird	Archilochus colubris	
Black-chinned Hummingbird	Archilochus alexandri	
GRUIFORMES: Rallidae		<u>.</u>
King Rail	Rallus elegans	
Clapper Rail	Rallus crepitans	
Virginia Rail	Rallus limicola	н
Sora	Porzana carolina	
Common Gallinule	Gallinula galeata	
American Coot	Fulica americana	
Purple Gallinule	Porphyrio martinica	
GRUIFORMES: Aramidae		
Limpkin	Aramus guarauna	
GRUIFORMES: Gruidae		
Whooping Crane	Grus americana	
CHARADRIIFORMES: Recurvirostr	idae	
Black-necked Stilt	Himantopus mexicanus	
American Avocet	Recurvirostra americana	
CHARADRIIFORMES: Haematopoo	lidae	
American Oystercatcher	Haematopus palliatus	
CHARADRIIFORMES: Charadriidae		
Black-bellied Plover	Pluvialis squatarola	



American Golden-Plover	Pluvialis dominica
Snowy Plover	Charadrius nivosus
Wilson's Plover	Charadrius wilsonia
Semipalmated Plover	Charadrius semipalmatus
Piping Plover	Charadrius melodus
Killdeer	Charadrius vociferus
CHARADRIIFORMES: Scolopacidae	
Upland Sandpiper	Bartramia longicauda
Whimbrel	Numenius phaeopus
Long-billed Curlew	Numenius americanus
Hudsonian Godwit	Limosa haemastica
Marbled Godwit	Limosa fedoa
Ruddy Turnstone	Arenaria interpres
Red Knot	Calidris canutus
Stilt Sandpiper	Calidris himantopus
Sanderling	Calidris alba
Dunlin	Calidris alpina
Baird's Sandpiper	Calidris bairdii
Least Sandpiper	Calidris minutilla
White-rumped Sandpiper	Calidris fuscicollis
Buff-breasted Sandpiper	Calidris subruficollis
Pectoral Sandpiper	Calidris melanotos
Semipalmated Sandpiper	Calidris pusilla
Western Sandpiper	Calidris mauri
Short-billed Dowitcher	Limnodromus griseus



Long-billed Dowitcher	Limnodromus scolopaceus	
Spotted Sandpiper	Actitis macularius	
Solitary Sandpiper	Tringa solitaria	
Greater Yellowlegs	Tringa melanoleuca	
Willet	Tringa semipalmata	
Lesser Yellowlegs	Tringa flavipes	
CHARADRIIFORMES: Laridae		
Laughing Gull	Leucophaeus atricilla	
Franklin's Gull	Leucophaeus pipixcan	
Ring-billed Gull	Larus delawarensis	
Herring Gull	Larus argentatus	
Lesser Black-backed Gull	Larus fuscus	
Least Tern	Sternula antillarum	
Gull-billed Tern	Gelochelidon nilotica	
Caspian Tern	Hydroprogne caspia	
Black Tern	Chlidonias niger	
Common Tern	Sterna hirundo	
Forster's Tern	Sterna forsteri	
Royal Tern	Thalasseus maximus	
Sandwich Tern	Thalasseus sandvicensis	
Black Skimmer	Rynchops niger	
GAVIIFORMES: Gaviidae		
Common Loon	Gavia immer	
SULIFORMES: Anhingidae		
Anhinga	Anhinga anhinga	



SULIFORMES: Phalacrocoracidae	
Double-crested Cormorant	Nannopterum auritum
Neotropic Cormorant	Nannopterum brasilianum
PELECANIFORMES: Pelecanidae	
American White Pelican	Pelecanus erythrorhynchos
Brown Pelican	Pelecanus occidentalis
PELECANIFORMES: Ardeidae	
Least Bittern	Ixobrychus exilis
Great Blue Heron	Ardea herodias
Great Egret	Ardea alba
Snowy Egret	Egretta thula
Little Blue Heron	Egretta caerulea
Tricolored Heron	Egretta tricolor
Reddish Egret	Egretta rufescens
Cattle Egret	Bubulcus ibis
Green Heron	Butorides virescens
Black-crowned Night-Heron	Nycticorax nycticorax
Yellow-crowned Night-Heron	Nyctanassa violacea
PELECANIFORMES: Threskiornithidae	
White Ibis	Eudocimus albus
Glossy Ibis	Plegadis falcinellus
White-faced Ibis	Plegadis chihi
Roseate Spoonbill	Platalea ajaja
CATHARTIFORMES: Cathartidae	
Black Vulture	Coragyps atratus



Turkey Vulture	Cathartes aura
ACCIPITRIFORMES: Pandionidae	
Osprey	Pandion haliaetus
ACCIPITRIFORMES: Accipitridae	
White-tailed Kite	Elanus leucurus
Swallow-tailed Kite	Elanoides forficatus
Mississippi Kite	Ictinia mississippiensis
Northern Harrier	Circus hudsonius
Sharp-shinned Hawk	Accipiter striatus
Cooper's Hawk	Accipiter cooperii
Bald Eagle	Haliaeetus leucocephalus
Harris's Hawk	Parabuteo unicinctus
White-tailed Hawk	Geranoaetus albicaudatus
Red-shouldered Hawk	Buteo lineatus
Broad-winged Hawk	Buteo platypterus
Swainson's Hawk	Buteo swainsoni
Zone-tailed Hawk	Buteo albonotatus
Red-tailed Hawk	Buteo jamaicensis
CORACIIFORMES: Alcedinidae	
Belted Kingfisher	Megaceryle alcyon
Green Kingfisher	Chloroceryle americana
PICIFORMES: Picidae	
Red-headed Woodpecker	Melanerpes erythrocephalus
Golden-fronted Woodpecker	Melanerpes aurifrons
Red-bellied Woodpecker	Melanerpes carolinus



Downy Woodpecker	Dryobates pubescens	
Ladder-backed Woodpecker	Dryobates scalaris	
Red-cockaded Woodpecker	Dryobates borealis	
Hairy Woodpecker	Dryobates villosus	
Pileated Woodpecker	Dryocopus pileatus	
Northern Flicker	Colaptes auratus	Н
FALCONIFORMES: Falconidae		
Crested Caracara	Caracara plancus	
American Kestrel	Falco sparverius	
Merlin	Falco columbarius	
PASSERIFORMES: Tyrannidae		
Olive-sided Flycatcher	Contopus cooperi	
Eastern Wood-Pewee	Contopus virens	
Acadian Flycatcher	Empidonax virescens	
Eastern Phoebe	Sayornis phoebe	
Vermilion Flycatcher	Pyrocephalus rubinus	
Ash-throated Flycatcher	Myiarchus cinerascens	
Great Crested Flycatcher	Myiarchus crinitus	
Brown-crested Flycatcher	Myiarchus tyrannulus	
Great Kiskadee	Pitangus sulphuratus	
Couch's Kingbird	Tyrannus couchii	
Western Kingbird	Tyrannus verticalis	
Eastern Kingbird	Tyrannus tyrannus	
Scissor-tailed Flycatcher	Tyrannus forficatus	



PASSERIFORMES: Vireonidae		
Black-capped Vireo	Vireo atricapilla	
White-eyed Vireo	Vireo griseus	
Bell's Vireo	Vireo bellii	
Yellow-throated Vireo	Vireo flavifrons	
Blue-headed Vireo	Vireo solitarius	
Warbling Vireo	Vireo gilvus	
Red-eyed Vireo	Vireo olivaceus	
PASSERIFORMES: Laniidae		
Loggerhead Shrike	Lanius ludovicianus	
PASSERIFORMES: Corvidae		
Green Jay	Cyanocorax yncas	
Blue Jay	Cyanocitta cristata	
American Crow	Corvus brachyrhynchos	
Fish Crow	Corvus ossifragus	
Common Raven	Corvus corax	
PASSERIFORMES: Paridae		
Carolina Chickadee	Poecile carolinensis	
Tufted Titmouse	Baeolophus bicolor	
Black-crested Titmouse	Baeolophus atricristatus	
PASSERIFORMES: Remizidae		
Verdin	Auriparus flaviceps	Н
PASSERIFORMES: Alaudidae		
Horned Lark	Eremophila alpestris	



PASSERIFORMES: Hirundinidae		
Northern Rough-winged Swallow	Stelgidopteryx serripennis	
Purple Martin	Progne subis	
Tree Swallow	Tachycineta bicolor	
Bank Swallow	Riparia riparia	
Barn Swallow	Hirundo rustica	
Cliff Swallow	Petrochelidon pyrrhonota	
Cave Swallow	Petrochelidon fulva	
PASSERIFORMES: Regulidae		
Ruby-crowned Kinglet	Corthylio calendula	
PASSERIFORMES: Sittidae		
Red-breasted Nuthatch	Sitta canadensis	Н
Brown-headed Nuthatch	Sitta pusilla	
PASSERIFORMES: Polioptilidae		
Blue-gray Gnatcatcher	Polioptila caerulea	
PASSERIFORMES: Troglodytidae		
Canyon Wren	Catherpes mexicanus	
House Wren	Troglodytes aedon	
Sedge Wren	Cistothorus stellaris	
Marsh Wren	Cistothorus palustris	
Carolina Wren	Thryothorus Iudovicianus	
Bewick's Wren	Thryomanes bewickii	
Cactus Wren	Campylorhynchus brunneicapillus	
PASSERIFORMES: Sturnidae		
European Starling	Sturnus vulgaris	



PASSERIFORMES: Mimidae		
Gray Catbird	Dumetella carolinensis	
Brown Thrasher	Toxostoma rufum	Н
Northern Mockingbird	Mimus polyglottos	
PASSERIFORMES: Turdidae		
Eastern Bluebird	Sialia sialis	
Veery	Catharus fuscescens	
Gray-cheeked Thrush	Catharus minimus	
Swainson's Thrush	Catharus ustulatus	
Wood Thrush	Hylocichla mustelina	
American Robin	Turdus migratorius	
PASSERIFORMES: Bombycillidae		
Cedar Waxwing	Bombycilla cedrorum	
PASSERIFORMES: Passeridae	1	
House Sparrow	Passer domesticus	
PASSERIFORMES: Fringillidae		
House Finch	Haemorhous mexicanus	
Lesser Goldfinch	Spinus psaltria	
American Goldfinch	Spinus tristis	
PASSERIFORMES: Passerellidae	1	
Bachman's Sparrow	Peucaea aestivalis	
Grasshopper Sparrow	Ammodramus savannarum	
Olive Sparrow	Arremonops rufivirgatus	
Chipping Sparrow	Spizella passerina	
Clay-colored Sparrow	Spizella pallida	



Field Sparrow	Spizella pusilla	Н
Black-throated Sparrow	Amphispiza bilineata	н
Lark Sparrow	Chondestes grammacus	
White-crowned Sparrow	Zonotrichia leucophrys	
White-throated Sparrow	Zonotrichia albicollis	
Seaside Sparrow	Ammospiza maritima	
Nelson's Sparrow	Ammospiza nelsoni	
Savannah Sparrow	Passerculus sandwichensis	
Lincoln's Sparrow	Melospiza lincolnii	
Swamp Sparrow	Melospiza georgiana	
Rufous-crowned Sparrow	Aimophila ruficeps	
PASSERIFORMES: Icteriidae		
Yellow-breasted Chat	Icteria virens	
PASSERIFORMES: Icteridae		
Bobolink	Dolichonyx oryzivorus	
Eastern Meadowlark	Sturnella magna	
Orchard Oriole	Icterus spurius	
Hooded Oriole	Icterus cucullatus	
Audubon's Oriole	Icterus graduacauda	
Baltimore Oriole	Icterus galbula	
Red-winged Blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus	
Bronzed Cowbird	Molothrus aeneus	
Brown-headed Cowbird	Molothrus ater	
Common Grackle	Quiscalus quiscula	
Boat-tailed Grackle	Quiscalus major	



Great-tailed Grackle	Quiscalus mexicanus
PASSERIFORMES: Parulidae	
Ovenbird	Seiurus aurocapilla
Worm-eating Warbler	Helmitheros vermivorum
Louisiana Waterthrush	Parkesia motacilla
Northern Waterthrush	Parkesia noveboracensis
Blue-winged Warbler	Vermivora cyanoptera
Black-and-white Warbler	Mniotilta varia
Prothonotary Warbler	Protonotaria citrea
Swainson's Warbler	Limnothlypis swainsonii
Tennessee Warbler	Leiothlypis peregrina
Orange-crowned Warbler	Leiothlypis celata
Nashville Warbler	Leiothlypis ruficapilla
Kentucky Warbler	Geothlypis formosa
Common Yellowthroat	Geothlypis trichas
Hooded Warbler	Setophaga citrina
American Redstart	Setophaga ruticilla
Northern Parula	Setophaga americana
Tropical Parula	Setophaga pitiayumi
Magnolia Warbler	Setophaga magnolia
Yellow Warbler	Setophaga petechia
Blackpoll Warbler	Setophaga striata
Palm Warbler	Setophaga palmarum
Pine Warbler	Setophaga pinus
Yellow-throated Warbler	Setophaga dominica



Prairie Warbler	Setophaga discolor
Golden-cheeked Warbler	Setophaga chrysoparia
Black-throated Green Warbler	Setophaga virens
PASSERIFORMES: Cardinalidae	
Summer Tanager	Piranga rubra
Scarlet Tanager	Piranga olivacea
Northern Cardinal	Cardinalis cardinalis
Pyrrhuloxia	Cardinalis sinuatus
Rose-breasted Grosbeak	Pheucticus Iudovicianus
Blue Grosbeak	Passerina caerulea
Lazuli Bunting	Passerina amoena
Indigo Bunting	Passerina cyanea
Painted Bunting	Passerina ciris
Dickcissel	Spiza americana

H = heard-only G = seen only by Tropical Birding guide

REPTILES & MAMMALS

American Alligator	Alligator mississippiensis
Green Anole	Anolis carolinensis
Common Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina
Mexican Free-tailed Bat	Tadarida brasiliensis
Swamp Rabbit	Sylvilagus aquaticus
Eastern Gray Squirrel	Sciurus carolinensis
Fox Squirrel	Sciurus niger

